Kaltura Architecture
Platform Overview

Version: Iris
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Introduction to Kaltura’s Video Platform

Kaltura’s video platform is a modular system that exposes different web-services and that may be deployed in several deployment modes to support different levels of scale. Kaltura’s platform comes in different editions, including the Kaltura-hosted SaaS edition, managed by Kaltura for single publishers and Value Added Resellers (VARs), as well as in several licensing modes of the, self-hosted, Kaltura On-Prem™ edition: Kaltura Community Edition, Kaltura On-Prem™ for Publishers and Kaltura On-Prem™ for OEMs.

This article provides a description of Kaltura’s main service layers, system components and their recommended setup based on several scales of deployments. The article also recommends Kaltura’s ‘best practices’ for system architecture design, to be considered when planning self-hosted deployments of Kaltura’s platform.

Audience

This article targets technical readers who want to familiarize themselves with the structure, components, and different physical setup considerations for installing and deploying the Kaltura platform.
Overview of Logical Layers

Kaltura’s online video platform relies on a modular software infrastructure designed to enable flexible usage of Kaltura’s technologies and features. There are five main layers in Kaltura’s platform:

Kaltura core technologies

- **Layer 1 - Kaltura Core Technology**
- **Layer 2 - Kaltura API Client Libraries**
- **Layer 3 - Kaltura Widgets**
- **Layer 4 - Kaltura Applications Framework**
- **Layer 5 - Kaltura Applications**

The following diagram illustrates the logical layout of Kaltura’s Online Video Platform layers.

### Layer 1 - Kaltura Core Technology

The following list includes the main features of the Kaltura server-side implementation.

**Storage and Hosting Services**

Kaltura’s hosted SaaS Edition offers robust storage and hosting services. Kaltura’s servers operate out of a state-of-the-art data centers with the highest levels of stability, redundancy and security. Kaltura’s, self-hosted, On-Prem™ edition allows service providers and publishers to set-up their own hosting and storage infrastructure.
Content Delivery and Streaming Services

Kaltura’s content delivery and streaming is based on optimizing and reselling tier-1 CDN services, including that of Akamai, Limelight Networks, and Level 3 Communications. The streaming infrastructure ensures the best media delivery performance possible, even when working with high volumes of content and audience and when utilizing different streaming methods (for example, Kaltura Live, progressive download, RTMP, HTTP Streaming). Optionally, Kaltura’s platform can be integrated with other CDNs and delivery components, so self-hosting service providers and publishers can customize their Kaltura setup for integrating their system to work with their CDN of choice or to utilize their local streaming facilities.

Kaltura supports 2 alternative content delivery paths via CDN:

1. Using Kaltura’s platform local storage as the CDN origin - this is the standard delivery mode for publisher accounts hosted on Kaltura’s SaaS platform
2. Utilizing publishers’ storage accounts on their CDN (for example, Akamai NetStorage, Tata) to be used as the CDN storage origin, while still managing their content on Kaltura.

Media Ingestion and Transcoding Services

The Kaltura platform applies a transcoding process after media upload. Per the account’s transcoding settings, video files are transcoded into the required format and codecs to enable web publishing in adaptive qualities and on multiple devices (including different mobile and iOS devices), while supporting all popular media codecs. Each media file is handled according to its type based on a set of pre-defined adjustable parameters, such as transcoder type, quality (bit rate), aspect ratio, and video viewing optimization. These parameters can be set by publishers to provide the best streaming and editing capabilities required to support their media workflow needs. Each source file could be transcoded into multiple flavors —for example, files with different bitrates, dimensions, and quality. During playback the player selects the most appropriate flavor for playback based on the viewer’s available bandwidth, player dimensions, and CPU usage. Kaltura’s unique technology combines several transcoding components with in-house utilities and shell scripts. In addition, Kaltura’s platform comes pre-integrated with commercial transcoders. Advanced ingestion options are available that support the ingestion of multiple flavors that were generated on the publisher’s local transcoding engine into the Kaltura system, as well as further automating the ingestion workflow by utilizing ingestion drop folders’ mechanism.

Media Manipulation Services

The Kaltura platform provides core capabilities of media manipulation, including: thumbnail generation, image cropping and resizing, video trimming, video clipping, video transitions, video overlaying (annotations), video effects, audio and voice control, video speed control and more. In addition, the platform supports conversion of Office documents (PPT, DOC, XLS, PDF) into SWF files that are playable in the Kaltura player, as well as synchronization and playback of the converted documents with a selected video, creating a single user interface for a synchronized view of video and document content.

Media Management Services

The Kaltura platform provides a comprehensive set of media management capabilities and tools. Publishers can easily upload their media, manage and populate a comprehensive set of metadata fields, and organize their media within playlists and gallery widgets while applying filtering criteria and paging options. In addition, Kaltura’s system includes media moderation tools enabling publishers to implement safe and controlled UGC functionalities within their web sites.
Account Management Services

The Kaltura platform provides publisher administration capabilities and tools. Publishers are able to fully manage their accounts, to ensure publisher-level web security while relying on their unique identifiers and secret keys, to configure their specific server settings and more. Administrators of self-hosted deployments of the Kaltura platform can manage multiple accounts for publishers registered to their Kaltura deployments.

User Management Services

The Kaltura platform provides user administration capabilities allowing publishers to provision multiple user accounts and assign each user to a pre-defined or custom role. Publisher admins can define specific user roles for providing different levels of permissions to content management and administration functionalities according to their specific organizational needs. In addition publishers are able to relate their internal user identifiers to the media uploaded to the system and, by doing so; to enable user specific media functionality, as well as media related social networking activities on their web sites.

Advertising & Monetization Services

Kaltura’s media players come with built-in support for in-stream and companion rich-media advertising. This enables publishers to implement an advertising solution supporting a wide variety of ad formats and ad sources. Kaltura’s media players may include the following advertising modes: Simple advertising deployment, Overlay ads, Ad timing configuration, Companion ads, Ad frequency configuration, and Ad reporting and analytics. Kaltura also supports pay-per-view functionalities, like blocking unauthorized access using increased security hashed URL’s and Server Secrets. A ‘free preview’ feature enables publisher to configure the occurrence and duration of free previews before a fee is charged.

Web Video Analytics Services

Kaltura provides a built-in web video analytics infrastructure combined with a state-of-the-art reporting tool. These technologies provide publishers the ability to track and understand their end-users’ video related behavior, and to better monetize their web media services. Kaltura’s reporting tool includes user-specific as well as aggregated indicators for media analytics and audience measurement, including: number of contributors, number of syndications, top played content, number of plays, media plays latency, media play drop-offs, number of user interactions with media, media indicators per media type and more.

Media Syndication and Distribution Services

Kaltura provides integrated social syndication technologies within its players, allowing end-users to easily distribute videos to their own web sites, to the most popular social networks sites and blogging platforms, to simply distribute videos to their friends via emails or to locally download videos for their personal use. In addition to social syndication Kaltura’s platform provides capabilities and tools for enabling automated multi-destination syndication and distribution of content. Publishers are able to create playlist based syndication feeds for maximizing their content’s reach and generate traffic back to their site. Access Control can be set for each content item/group to limit the access to specific countries, domains or times (scheduling).

Kaltura’s content distribution infrastructure enables media companies and content creators to create and automate customized video packages to send to distribution partners directly from within the KMC. Administrators are able to control the destinations for each video package, and for each distribution destination admins can control the video qualities, multiple thumbnails in different sizes, metadata, scheduling data, and more.
Styling and Branding Services

Kaltura provides tools and the API to customize the style, branding and functionality of the video player, as well as that of additional widgets (for example, the Upload/Import widget, and the Kaltura Screen Recorder). This allows publishers to maintain a consistent UI, and opens up monetization opportunities by way of custom skins that can be sold to advertisers.

Layer 2 - Kaltura API Client Libraries

To enable easy integration of Kaltura's platform, Kaltura provides several API client libraries written in multiple programming languages. These client libraries implement the actual calls to the Kaltura server APIs. They handle HTTP request creation, queuing, and response processing while providing specific classes corresponding to entities and data types used by Kaltura server APIs. Kaltura API client libraries are available for multiple programming languages. For more information see Kaltura API SDK - Native Client Libraries and API Inside-Out – Tour of Kaltura’s API Driven Architecture.

Layer 3 - Kaltura Widgets

The Kaltura platform includes self-contained, client-side components called Kaltura Widgets, which implement specific APIs in Flash or HTML. Kaltura widgets can be customized, skinned and easily embedded within publisher’s websites. Kaltura widgets rely on advanced web technologies, encapsulating graphics, media functionalities, and workflow events control along with direct access to Kaltura core technologies (via the Kaltura web services layer). Kaltura’s most commonly used widgets include: the Kaltura Simple Uploader, Kaltura Contributor Wizard (KCW) Kaltura Screen Recorder and the HTML5 Player.

Some Kaltura widgets (specifically the Kaltura Dynamic Player) implement internal hooks to enable the widget’s integration with a Kaltura or a 3rd party plug-in applications. Such plug-in applications are then used to provide Kaltura widgets’ functionality with complementary media services. Examples of 3rd party services already integrated as a plug-in within Kaltura widgets are: Doubleclick for Publishers (DFP) ad services powered by Google, Ad services powered by Adap.tv, Ad services powered by Tremor Media, Ad services supporting VAST based ad servers, Media social syndication services powered by Gigya, and subtitle editing services powered by PLymedia.

Layer 4 - Kaltura Applications Framework

The Kaltura Application Framework (KAF) is an extensible, feature rich, UI based configurable framework that streamlines the integration of Kaltura’s rich media capabilities into different publishing applications. The framework is constructed of modules that provide a packaged workflow and functionalities that can be easily embedded in another application as an iFrame, instead of integrating directly with the Kaltura APIs. The framework can decrease the integration time with your application dramatically and allow you to always get up to date new functionality by decoupling the added features from the integration itself. The embedded iFrames are all based on a responsive design to ensure that the integrated pages are displayed properly on any given area. For more information see Understanding the Kaltura Application Framework.
Layer 5 - Kaltura Applications

Kaltura’s video platform offers tailored combinations of Kaltura widgets and server APIs, called Kaltura Applications. Kaltura applications are tailored to support specific media workflows or are extensions to a third party web content management platform. Kaltura’s most commonly used applications include: Kaltura All-in-One Video Module for Drupal, Kaltura All-in-One Video Pack for WordPress, Kaltura Moodle Plugin, Kaltura Blackboard Building Block, Kaltura Sakai Extension and dozens of other Applications and integration kits.

The Kaltura Application Exchange http://exchange.kaltura.com is a virtual marketplace for publishers, developers, integrators and web shops to “trade” in video applications related to the Kaltura open source online video platform.

KMC - The Kaltura Management Console, (KMC) is a basic Kaltura application, available to administrators of all publisher accounts, which provides a comprehensive and user friendly tool for utilizing Kaltura’s media and account management core capabilities, including content importing/uploading, sorting/filtering/moderating, creation of playlists, configuration of widgets’ features and graphic interface, management of publishers’ account and server settings, user administration and reporting and analytics.

KAC - The Kaltura Admin Console is a basic Kaltura application, available to Kaltura On-Prem platform administrators which provides a comprehensive and user friendly tool for utilizing Kaltura’s system and service administration capabilities including: publisher management and configuration, server batch processing control, system monitoring and developers tools.

KMS - The Kaltura MediaSpace application allows you to instantly launch a video-centric website, where users can create, upload, share, search, browse, and watch live and on demand videos, video presentations, screencasts, and other rich media content. MediaSpace provides superb cross device user experience, unmatched user engagement capabilities, and powerful control and governance tools.

Kaltura MediaGo - The Kaltura MediaGo application is a market-leading set of end user applications for connected devices such as iOS, Android, web and TVs. The different device applications are designed to unlock Kaltura’s full offering, while offering customized experiences for different screens, capabilities and use-cases, and enabling a consistent cross-device experience.
Overview of Functional Components

The platform's logical layers, are implemented using several different functional components that are listed in this section. The required components must be deployed as part of the core platform and some are optional, whereby the decision for their deployment is derived from the applicative needs and/or from the necessary scale of the deployment. All optional components are operable as part of Kaltura SaaS edition deployment.

Required Components

The following components must operate within Kaltura’s online video platform:

1. **Kaltura Web Services**
   Apache server and Kaltura web services layer in the form of a set of Application Programming Interfaces (API) as a single access point for client-server applicative communication. Kaltura Web Services should be deployed on front-end server/s (traffic distributed by load balancing equipment).

2. **Kaltura Batch Jobs**
   Scalable middleware entities deployed on back-end server/s. Central orchestration of atomic batch services such as media import, media info extraction, transcoding, server notification and others. Kaltura batch jobs should be deployed on a backend server.

3. **Kaltura Transcoding Engine**
   The Kaltura Transcoding Engine provides optimal video quality while maintaining minimal storage costs. The engine analyzes each source file, and determines the optimal output files required for high-quality delivery to any device. The transcoding engine perform all media transcoding tasks, by utilizing open source and/or commercial transcoders. The engine is CPU intensive and can either be deployed on a backend server at a local deployment or can be distributed using independent transcoding servers deployed in a cloud solution.

4. **Shared Storage**
   A dedicated disk space that is shared and accessible by all of Kaltura’s servers within a specific deployment. The Shared storage holds all content and application files, including: media assets, HTML5 Player, Kaltura Flash widgets/applications, skins, thumbnails, players/playlist configuration files (UI conf) and all other related components. The shared storage may be deployed as part of a local deployment or using independent storage within a cloud solution.

5. **Operational Database**
   This is the applicative database, used for storing and managing content related data (metadata, identifiers, URLs etc.) as well as application and business logic supporting data. The operational database should be deployed as part of a local deployment, preferably on dedicated server/s utilizing a master/slave topology.

6. **Search server**
   Full text search servers based on the Sphinx open source solution for fast indexing and search.

7. **Site Admin Module**
   This module is responsible for operating Kaltura’s Admin Console, enabling site administrators to monitor and operate their own deployment of Kaltura’s online video platform. For full monitoring, it is important to deploy this module on a local separate server.

8. **Media Analytics Module**
   This module is responsible for processing and aggregating Kaltura’s media analytics data into
Overview of Functional Components

a dedicated Data Warehouse (DWH), and the production of media usage and behavior reports. The module includes the data Exporting, Transforming and Loading processes (ETL), a DWH database, and the reporting utilities in use. This module can be deployed as part of a local deployment or can be distributed using independent analytics servers deployed in a cloud solution.

Optional Components

1. **MediaSpace (optional)**
   Kaltura MediaSpace is a fully customizable media destination site for the organization. MediaSpace is an out-of-the-box video-centric site that can serve as a repository for media collections across the organization or a full-featured "internal YouTube. It can be integrated into the local authentication environment for role-based authentication, or use it as a public destination site. It can be easily configured and branded, and requires minimal resources to get up and running while allowing extensive customization.

2. **Document Conversion Module (optional)**
   The Document Conversion Module converts various document formats into a Flash based swf document, later to be used within the Kaltura Dynamic Player as a synchronized slideshow alongside a video. The supported document formats include the following: MS Office documents (for example Word, PowerPoint), Open Office documents, and Adobe PDF. The document conversion process can be distributed using independent document conversion servers deployed in a cloud solution. Each server must run Open Office and MS to perform the document conversion.

3. **Video Recording Module (optional)**
   This module is responsible for recording web camera streams; it is an optional component to be deployed only when there is a need to support video recording functionalities. Kaltura operates this module using the Red5 solution. Using a local FMS of another provider is possible as well but may require validation.

4. **Lecture Capture (optional)**
   Kaltura CaptureSpace enables easy capture in class, at home or on-the-go with automated publishing and interactive viewing within the LMS and Kaltura's MediaSpace video portal. CaptureSpace is a professional and all-inclusive capture solution.

5. **Web Conferencing**
   Whether you’re using WebEx, Go2Meeting, Lync, Vidyo or others, Kaltura web-conferencing connectors maximize the effectiveness of your web-conferences and significantly reduce storage and other costs.

6. **Webcasting**
   Kaltura Webcasting supports internal delivery, ingest from different encoders and source types, archiving of webcasts to your VOD portal and enhanced interactive features. This all makes it easy for your organization to optimize internal communication and increase return on investment for customer facing communications.

7. **Live Streaming**
   The Kaltura live streaming platform enables you to broadcast live events or 24/7 broadcasts to any screen. A Kaltura live stream can be provisioned in the Kaltura Management Console (KMC) or directly from applications such as MediaSpace. Kaltura live streaming supports both passsthrough and cloud encoding with multi protocol output for HLS, HDS, MPEG-DASH and Smooth Streaming. Kaltura live streams can be delivered through a Content Delivery Network (CDN) such as Akamai, as well as support internal delivery in diverse network topologies with support for eCDNs and Multicast. Kaltura live streaming also supports Live to VOD with a single embed code, instant provisioning and live captions passthrough.

8. **DRM**
   Kaltura is a Certified Widevine Implementation Partner that is authorized to provide Widevine DRM services. Kaltura offers an out-of-the-box DRM solution integrated with Kaltura’s Dynamic (Flash) Player (KDP) while also enabling its customer to integrate their device specific applications with Widevine’s DRM packaging and license services according
Overview of Functional Components

to the application specific workflow.
Overview of Physical Setup

The physical deployment of the Kaltura platform is flexible and should be tailored according to the size and applicative needs of the specific site deployment. For optimal resource utilization as well as security reasons, Kaltura platform deployment should be separated to a front-end layer and a back-end layer. The following diagram illustrates a sample deployment architecture:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Component Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>API</td>
<td>Load Balancers</td>
<td>LVS based, running on Linux server</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>API</td>
<td>Web Servers</td>
<td>Kaltura API and access to shared content</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>API</td>
<td>Thumbnail Servers</td>
<td>Dedicated API servers for generating thumbnails from images or videos</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>API</td>
<td>Internal API Servers</td>
<td>Internal API servers for Kaltura batch servers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data</td>
<td>Database master</td>
<td>Primary MySQL server for write operations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data</td>
<td>Database slave</td>
<td>MySQL servers for read only operations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data</td>
<td>Sphinx servers</td>
<td>Search engine for text-based search</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data</td>
<td>Memcache servers</td>
<td>Caches database query results</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Overview of Physical Setup

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Component Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Data</td>
<td>Shared Storage</td>
<td>Stores all Kaltura media assets, accessed by all relevant servers over a distributed file system</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data</td>
<td>Analytics database</td>
<td>Runs analytics ETL software and a data warehouse database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Batch</td>
<td>Batch Servers</td>
<td>Kaltura dedicated batch servers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Batch</td>
<td>Document Conversion Servers</td>
<td>Windows based server that performs document conversion tasks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Batch</td>
<td>Encoding Servers</td>
<td>Kaltura generic Linux-based encoding server</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FMS</td>
<td>Servers</td>
<td>Servers for webcam recording</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FTP</td>
<td>servers</td>
<td>FTP server for pushing logs from CDN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Admin</td>
<td>Server</td>
<td>Monitoring and application administration</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Virtualization**

All server components listed in this section can be set on a physical machine or run on top of a virtualization infrastructure. Kaltura provides a standard VMware image to be deployed and run on a VMware ESXi Hypervisor setup. In this case dedicated hardware should be VMware ESXi compatible.

**Standard Setup Sizes**

The following sections describe Kaltura's recommendation for required hardware to be set for initial setup of an instance of the Kaltura platform. Specific site assessment can be made by Kaltura's engineering and IT teams upon request.

**Small - Single Server Setup**

Single server setup may be suitable in the following cases, all assuming low traffic and CPU utilization:

- Small deployment of a Kaltura Community Edition instance.
- Platform deployment dedicated for providing limited usage video capabilities to a CMS/LMS platform while using Kaltura CMS/LMS extensions
- Platform deployment used for development or platform evaluation purposes.

In this setup, all required components are deployed on one server. Document conversion module and workflow cannot be utilized in this topology.

**Medium - Distributed Site Setup**

This physical setup is suitable as an initial setup for small to medium-size deployments of the Kaltura platform, that are expected to serve medium to high traffic/streaming volume and medium to high number of video uploads and transcoding operations. With growth in service utilization this initial setup can be scaled up as needed, to add the required server type (for example, additional transcoding servers, additional database servers for replications, additional front end server and others).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Server</th>
<th>Recommended Hardware Specs.</th>
<th>Operable Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Load Balancing Server/s</td>
<td>Site Admin responsibility</td>
<td>Site Admin responsibility</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Overview of Physical Setup

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Server</th>
<th>Recommended Hardware Specs.</th>
<th>Operable Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Platform Shared Storage</strong></td>
<td>Can reside on one of the platform servers. Storage size to be set according to the expected volume of media assets. On average - 3X size of the expected video source files (assuming source should be stored as well). To be accessible by the Kaltura platform servers via NFS.</td>
<td>Storage</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 2 Front-End Servers | 64bit based Linux OS with 4-8 GB RAM and 1 quad core CPU | Kaltura Web Services Module, on top of an apache server  
Kaltura Video Recording Module (if applicable)  
Connected to Shared Storage (NFS) |
| Back-End Batch Server | 64bit based Linux OS with at least 4GB RAM and 1 quad core CPU | Batch Jobs Module  
Connected to Shared Storage (NFS) |
| Back-End Transcoding Server | 64bit based Linux OS with at least 8GB RAM and 2 quad core CPU | Transcoding Module  
Connected to Shared Storage (NFS) |
| Back-End DB Server | 64bit based Linux OS with at least 4GB RAM and 1 quad core CPU | Operational Database  
Sphinx – full text search engine  
Connected to Shared Storage (NFS) |
| Back-End DWH Server | 64bit based Linux OS with at least 8GB RAM and 1 quad core CPU | Video Analytics Module  
Connected to Shared Storage (NFS) |
| Site Admin Server | Linux based OS. No minimal specifications on hardware | Site Admin Module |
| Document Conversion Server (optional) | Windows server 2008 With at least 2GB RAM. 1 CPU | Kaltura Document Conversion Module (if applicable) |

### Large - Full Distributed Site Setup

This physical setup may be suitable as an initial setup for large-size deployments of a Kaltura platform, that are expected to serve high traffic/streaming volume and high number of video uploads and transcoding needs. With any growth in service utilization this initial setup can be scaled up as needed, to add the required server type (for example, additional transcoding servers, additional database replication server, additional front end server and others).
Overview of Physical Setup

This setup may include the following servers:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Server</th>
<th>Recommended Hardware Specs.</th>
<th>Operable Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Load Balancing Server/s</td>
<td>Site Admin responsibility</td>
<td>Site Admin responsibility</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Few Front-End Servers</td>
<td>Several 64bit based Linux OS with at least 8GB RAM and 1 quad core CPU</td>
<td>Kaltura Web Services Module, on top of an apache server. Kaltura Video Recording Module (if applicable) Connected to Shared Storage (NFS)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Few Back-End Batch Servers</td>
<td>Several 64bit based Linux OS with at least 4GB RAM and 1 quad core CPU</td>
<td>Batch Jobs Module Connected to Shared Storage (NFS)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Few Back-End Transcoding Servers</td>
<td>Several 64bit based Linux OS with at least 8GB RAM and 2 quad core CPU</td>
<td>Transcoding Module Connected to Shared Storage (NFS)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Few Back-End DB Server/s (master + replications)</td>
<td>64bit based Linux OS with at least 4GB RAM and 1 quad core CPU</td>
<td>Operational Database Connected to Shared Storage (NFS)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Back-End DWH Server/s</td>
<td>64bit based Linux OS with at least 16 GB RAM and 1 quad core CPU</td>
<td>Video Analytics Module Connected to Shared Storage (NFS)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Site Admin Server</td>
<td>Linux based OS. No minimal specifications on hardware</td>
<td>Site Admin Module Connected to Shared Storage (NFS)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shared Storage Dedicated Server</td>
<td>64bit based Linux OS with at least 4GB RAM and 1 quad core CPU On average - 3X size of the expected video source files (assuming source should be stored as well) Storage size to be set according to the expected volume of media assets</td>
<td>Shared Storage</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Multiple Data-Centers Site Setup

For enabling full redundancy and better performance for end users, utilization of multiple data centers may be needed. The geographic location of the data center should be chosen according to the geo-location distribution of the end users.

The synchronization of multiple data centers should be performed on both database and storage. For database synchronization a native MySQL Master-Master replication can be utilized.

For media files synchronization, a batch process can copy media items from one datacenter to the other datacenter, in order to maintain full online redundancy. The following diagram illustrates the
Overview of Physical Setup

architecture of a multi-datacenter setup of the Kaltura Platform.

Self-Streaming Considerations

In most cases, when planning for a new deployment of the Kaltura online video platform, a use of external CDN functionality is recommended. When this is not possible and/or not required, it is recommended to add additional front-end hardware to be dedicated for playback streaming.

Kaltura recommends the following addition to site setup in such cases:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Server</th>
<th>Recommended Hardware Specs.</th>
<th>Operable Components</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Streaming proxy servers</td>
<td>2 servers with 64bit based Linux OS, at least 8GB RAM and 1 quad core CPU</td>
<td>Media streaming (relevant for self-streaming deployments)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Kaltura eCDN Plus is the newest addition to Kaltura’s wide range of deployment options – including on-premise, hybrid, and full SaaS deployment. It is based on the robust Kaltura API and leverages streaming technology by Wowza Media Systems as well. Kaltura eCDN Plus is tightly integrated with Kaltura’s market-leading video products, such as the company’s CorporateTube video portal, and integrations with social business platforms (SharePoint, IBM Connections, and Jive), as well as Kaltura’s products for the education market (including integrations with Blackboard, Sakai, Moodle, Desire2Learn, and Canvas) providing a seamless user experience, and centralized management and control.

Additional Scalability Considerations

The following table includes estimated sizing calculations that may be useful for determining the required hardware for setting up a new deployment of the Kaltura online video platform:
## Overview of Physical Setup

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Factor</th>
<th>Estimated Sizing Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Storage Resources</strong></td>
<td>As a general rule of thumb, to have multiple flavors generated for each video entry, including mobile flavors, - storage of 3X the size of the expected video source files should be reserved (assuming source should be stored as well).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Example of storage calculation:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Original video clip at backup storage:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bit rate = 8000 kbps - good quality camera recording</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Storage Size = ~60 Mb for a one minute duration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Normal Web Quality Flavor (transcoded files)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bit rate = 600 kbps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Storage Size = 4-8 MB for a one minute duration = ~ 7.5% of Original</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>High Web Quality Flavor (transcoded files)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bit rate = 1200 kbps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Storage Size = 8-16 MB for a one minute duration = ~ 15% of Original</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Transcoding Resources</strong></td>
<td>Each CPU allows for 360-720 video hours of transcoding per month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>One CPU can handle one transcoding task at a time.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Playback Streaming</strong></td>
<td>The actual streaming volume can be deduced from the single clip storage size and site usage information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>if CDN is in use - most streaming volume is handled by CDN provider (excluding cases of long tail media type)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Video Recording</strong></td>
<td>Each FMS server can hold hundreds of concurrent recording connections</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Streaming (if applicable)</strong></td>
<td>30 days * 24 hours = 720 streaming hours a month per connection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Web Services</strong></td>
<td>One front-end server can support ~75,000 daily unique users (API calls and playback streaming to CDN when CDN is in use)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Operational Database</strong></td>
<td>2 quad core DB Machines running in a master/slave topology can hold tens of millions of media items</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Video Analytics</strong></td>
<td>1 quad core DB Machine for storing 6 months of historical data for tens of millions of media items</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following aspects should be taken into account as a basis for a scale-up decision:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scale up Reason</th>
<th>Scale up Activity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Back-end server/s CPU’s are repeatedly overloaded due to the increase in number of transcoding operations</td>
<td>Move transcoding to a dedicated server or add a dedicated transcoding server</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apache/web services are repeatedly overloaded</td>
<td>Add a dedicated front end server (and load balancing hardware if needed)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System is repeatedly slow due to db related operations, with no change after performance tuning</td>
<td>Move DB to a dedicated server or add a db server</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System is intolerably slow</td>
<td>Move ETL or DWH&amp; ETL to a dedicated server</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Overview of Physical Setup

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scale up Reason</th>
<th>Scale up Activity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>during daily ETL processes or reporting executions</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Back end server/s CPU is overloaded (no increase in number of transcoding operations)</td>
<td>Add a dedicated back end server for batch processes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>