

## Working with the Kaltura REACH API

In this article we cover the flows required when integrating with the Kaltura Reach API.

Kaltura REACH framework allows vendors to process Kaltura customer media and return enrichment assets, such as captions, transcripts, audio description, etc.

Vendors gets access to special APIs (entryVendorTask - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation) which allows them to periodically pull new REACH tasks (each Task will contain metadata required for the vendor to process the request), process them and finally, update the customer's Kaltura account with the resulting assets and/or metadata.

Vendors can choose to implement the integration using a Kaltura client library to add, list, update or delete objects from Kaltura. Kaltura supports a wide range of client libraries in different languages (Native Client Libraries - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation) or the vendor can choose to use the REST API (Kaltura VPaaS API Overview - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation).

#### **REACH Vendor API - Basic Flow**

### General Guidelines

- Encryption Requests have to be sent over HTTPS. Kaltura's clients require this when accessing their data or making API calls which result in new data.
- Client tags This property is used by Kaltura to track which application issued which call. With REACH we make another use of this field; to ensure Kaltura has a way to determine the Task processing E2E, the vendor should follow the following standards:
  - o If you use a client library, the client library exposes the ability to define a clientTag for each API request:
    - For not task-specific API calls, the clientTag should be set to be '<default clientTag>\_vendorName-vendorPartnerId'. (<default ClientTag> consists of the client library programming language and the library build date).
      - Example: 'php5:18-11-11\_vendorName\_12345'
    - For task-specific API calls, the Task ID should also be added to the clientTag.
      - Example, for a Task ID (9292) and vendor account id (12345), the resulting clientTag should be "php5:18-11-11 vendorName-12345-9292".
  - If you use direct API calls, then each API request should include a clientTag parameter within the request body that will include the vendor Application Version, for instance :
    - For not task-specific API calls, the clientTag should be set to be '<default clientTag>\_vendorName-vendorPartnerId". (<default clientTag> consists of the Vendor application Version Number).
      - Example: 'app:18-11-11\_vendorName\_12345'
    - For task-specific API calls, the Task ID should also be added to the clientTag .
      - Example, for a Task ID (9292) and vendor account id (12345), the resulting clientTag should be "app:18-11-11 vendorName-12345-9292".

## Working with the Kaltura Reach API

## Listing REACH Vendor Tasks and their parameters

- To execute API calls against Kaltura you need to first generate a valid KS (How to Create a Kaltura Session Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation). The KS is generated using your dedicated account details. Important note: the KS does not need to be generated for each call. When generating the KS you have the ability to generate it with a specific expiry, the default is 24 hours.
  - The KS need to be generated with 'disableentitlement' privilege.
  - We strongly suggest provisioning an appToken for your vendor account and using that to spawn your API sessions. See Application Tokens - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation for more information on appToken sessions. Note that you do not



need to generate a new app token each time you generate a KS; you can use an app token to generate a KS as long as your app token is valid.

- o Also, you can find pre-compiled Kaltura API client libraries in a number of languages to help you get started.
- A vendor should list for pending jobs by sending the API entryVendorTask.getJobs Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation and then
  gather details for the relevant jobs using entryVendorTask.get Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation. The result will be a list of
  entryVendorTask.
  - o curl example to list pending jobs
    - Call entryVendorTask.getJobs Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation to get a list of jobs that have been submitted by any
      customer users for your specific vendor services

```
curl -X POST https://www.kaltura.com/api_v3/service/reach_entryvendortask/action/getJobs \
-d "format=1" \
-d "ks=$KALTURA_SESSION" \
```

- In this call you need to use the app token generated from your Vendor PID's admin secret.
- This call will return a list of requested jobs for your Vendor account. By default the answer will only include tasks that are PENDING processing by the vendor. It is not possible to change the filter.
- The answer will return a list of jobs along with task IDs and access keys for each job. Make sure to store the task IDs and access keys until you have retrieved the assets that need to be processed and submitted your deliverables.
- Loop through the job objects in the response and get additional job details with <a href="mailto:entryvendorTask.get">entryvendorTask.get</a> Kaltura VPaaS API

  Documentation, note that the vendor must add the <a href="mailto:responseProfile">responseProfile</a>[systemName]=reach\_vendor <a href="parameter">parameter</a> to retrieve the REACH profile information of the job. The REACH profile information contains information such output format, metadata extraction, content deletion policy, Speaker Change Indication and profanity removal indication (see the ENUMS list)

```
curl -X POST https://www.kaltura.com/api_v3/service/reach_entryvendortask/action/get \
-d "format=1" \
-d "ks=$KALTURA_SESSION" \
-d "id=$TASK_ID"
-d "responseProfile[systemName]=reach_vendor"
```

For each task call, you should use the access key as a value for the ks parameter, the access key is retrieved in the prior getjobs call.

- For each task, the vendor should change it entryVendorTask[status] to "Processing" using entryVendorTask.updateJob Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation before starting handling the task
- After the vendor processing is done, the vendor needs to update the <a href="entryVendorTask[outputObjectId">entryVendorTask[outputObjectId</a>] with the ID of the object that contains the output of the task.
  - If it is a captioning task, it would be the ID of the caption asset created using captionAsset.add Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation (the ID is returned in the response).
- If for any reason the vendor can't process the task, it should set the task status to Error and set the entryVendorTask[errDescription] field (free text) with informative message about why the task couldn't be processed.
- The processing accuracy should be set on entryVendorTask[accuracy] .
  - If it is a captioning task, it also needs to be set on captionAsset[accuracy] when creating the caption using captionAsset.add Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation;

PHP example to list pending tasks and get the information for each one:

```
<?php
// $client initialization should be done before this line
// the response profile will make sure to also return the catalog item for this service and the customer reach profile details.
$responseProfile = new KalturaResponseProfileHolder();
$responseProfile\systemName = 'reach_vendor';
$client->setResponseProfile($responseProfile);
$reachPlugin = KalturaReachClientPlugin::get($client);
$entryVendorTaskFilter = new KalturaEntryVendorTaskFilter();
$entryVendorTaskFilter->createdAtGreaterThanOrEqual = time()-86400; // get all new jobs from last 24hrs
$tasks = $reachPlugin->entryVendorTask->getJobs($entryVendorTaskFilter);
```

• This will return a list of requested jobs for your Vendor account.



- The object type ResponseProfile set with the systemName attribute value to 'reach\_vendor' tells the API to return additional information related to the Customer's REACH profile such as dictionaries, processing region, caption display settings, and other pertinent details.
- For each task, the vendor should change it status to "Processing" before starting handling the task
- After the vendor processing is done, the vendor needs to update the KalturaEntryVendorTask->outputObjectId with the ID of the object that contains the output of the task.
  - If it is a captioning task, it would be the KalturaCaptionAsset->ID .
- If for any reason the vendor can't process the task, it should set the task status to Error and set the errDescription field (free text) with informative message about why the task couldn't be processed.
- The processing accuracy should be set on KalturaEntryVendorTask->accuracy .
  - $\circ \ \ \text{If it is a captioning task, it also needs to be set on} \ \ \boxed{\text{KalturaCaptionAsset->accuracy}} \ ;$

For call and responses examples for retrieving jobs and tasks, please refer to the Appendix: Retrieving jobs and retrieving a specific task | Kaltura Knowledge Center.

Example of a task object returned by Kaltura (in JSON format), includes the REACH vendor profile information

```
{
 "objects":[
      "id":"15",
"partnerld":110,
      "vendorPartnerId":108,
"createdAt":1521639688,
      "entryld":"0_o2z3458w",
"status":1,
      "reachProfileId":1,
      "catalogitemid":1,
"accessKey":"OTNmNDE5Zjk2MDQxMTZkZWRhZjg1NTkzNTkxZDY5NDRjM2Y1ZmNIZnwxMTA7MTEwOzE1MjE3MjYwODg7MDsxNTlxNjM5Njg4LjQyMTM7O2VkaXQ6MF9vMnozNDU4dyxzZXRyb2x
      "notes":"notes test"
      "dictionary":"Test Dictionary",
      "relatedObjects":{
         reach_vendor_catalog_item":{
          "objects":[
              "sourceLanguage":"Hebrew",
              "outputFormat":"1
              "enableSpeakerId":true,
              "serviceType":1.
              "serviceFeature":1
              "turnAroundTime":1800
              "objectType":"KalturaVendorCaptionsCatalogItem"
         "totalCount":1,
"objectType":"KalturaVendorCatalogItemListResponse"
         reach_vendor_profile":{
          "objects":[
              "defaultSourceLanguage": "English",
              "defaultOutputFormat":1,
"enableMachineModeration":false,
              "enableHumanModeration":false.
              "autoDisplayMachineCaptionsOnPlayer": false,\\
              "autoDisplayHumanCaptionsOnPlayer":false,
             "enableMetadataExtraction":true,
"enableSpeakerChangeIndication":false
              "enableAudioTags":false.
              "enableProfanityRemoval":true
              "contentDeletionPolicy":1,
              "objectType":"KalturaReachProfile"
          totalCount":1,
          "objectType":"KalturaReachProfileListResponse"
      "objectType":"KalturaEntryVendorTask"
  "totalCount"·1
  "objectType":"KalturaEntryVendorTaskListResponse
```

## Extend accessKey Expiration

In case the vendor processing took longer than expected and the access key provided on the task was expired, Kaltura offers a way for the vendor to fetch a new access key.



Please note that the request for extending the access key is allowed only for tasks which are in processing state, anything else will result in an API exception.

To extend the access you can do the following call: https://developer.kaltura.com/apidocs/service/entryVendorTask/action/extendAccessKev

 $curl - X \ POST \ https://www.kaltura.com/api\_v3/service/reach\_entryvendortask/action/extendAccessKey \ \backslash \ Action \ AccessKey \ Action \ AccessKey \ \backslash \ Action \ AccessKey \ \backslash \ Action \ AccessKey \ Action \ Acti$ 

-d "id=ENTRY VENDOR TASK ID"

The returned object should contain the extended access key on the returned.

### How to download video assets from Kaltura

There are many way's one can download asset's from Kaltura but we have decided to use specific ones when it comes to vendor's fetching content from Kaltura. We support various customer use cases and REACH should work for all of them (customers who work with remote storage, encrypted content, regular Kaltura maintained content). Please follow these instruction's when implementing your content fetching mechanism.

If the account has basic configuration and the content is stored within Kaltura we decided to utilize the fact that segmented HLS can be quickly concatenated and repackaged as an mp4 file without consuming a lot of bandwidth and CPU. Some of the capabilities offered by REACH may not require both the Video & Audio and fetching segmented HLS via Kaltura's packagers allows for a simple way to download both video & audio streams or only the audio stream. This will offer all the flexibility needed for you to select the streams you want to download and, in some cases, save unnecessary bandwidth consumption.

Please note that customers may define a desired flavorParamsId they wish external Vendor's to fetch from Kaltura. This flavorParamsId will be configured on the reach profile object. If this attribute is defined you should obey it and download from the entry's available flavorAssets only the flavor asset matching the requested flavorParamsId. This field will be comma separated and the order is important so please make sure to match an asset based on the user defined order. For example, if I defined flavorParamids 1, 3, 5 and my entry has flavorAssets which where generated from flavorParamids 2, 4, 5 then the asset matching flavorParamsId 5 should be fetched. Or if I defined flavorParamIds 1, 3, 5 and my entry has flavorAssets which where generated from **flavorParamids** 1, 3, 7 then the asset matching **flavorParamsid** 1 should be fetched.

The flavorParamsIds returned in the REACH vendor profile is usually empty. Sometimes customers configure their client instance to return a specific value to indicate a preferred flavor they want the REACH vendor to use for download and processing. One usecase for example is a customer which has confidential videos where the video should not be viewed but they would still want a captioning or transcript, in such case they could indicate a specific flavor id in the flavorParamsIds to point to an audio-only flavor for the REACH vendor to download and process.

If the customer has not provided a preferred flavor then the REACH vendor can simply choose to download the source flavor or optionally can choose to download a compressed flavor for a faster and more efficient download.

## How should it be achieved

STEP 1. Use Kaltura's API to fetch the entry information you need.

- $\label{local-contraction} curl -X POST https://www.kaltura.com/api_v3/service/baseentry/action/getPlaybackContext \\ -d "ks=OWRhZTUyNT13ZGQ4YjMzYWM3ZWjiY2RhYTAwODNmNzY2ZjY1ZWM1N3wxMTk7MTE5OzE1NDcxMDk2MDc7MjsxNTQ3MDlzMjA3LjYwMjQ7ZWxsYS5saWRpY2hAa2FsdHVyYS5jb207KixkaXNhYn2MDlzMDk2MDc7MjsxNTQ3MDlzMjA3LjYwMjQ7ZWxsYS5saWRpY2hAa2FsdHVyYS5jb207KixkaXNhYn2MDk2MDc7MjsxNTQ3MDlzMjA3LjYwMjQ7ZWxsYS5saWRpY2hAa2FsdHVyYS5jb207KixkaXNhYn2MDk2MDc7MjsxNTQ3MDlzMjA3LjYwMjQ7ZWxsYS5saWRpY2hAa2FsdHVyYS5jb207KixkaXNhYn2MDk2MDc7MjsxNTQ3MDlzMjA3LjYwMjQ7ZWxsYS5saWRpY2hAa2FsdHVyYS5jb207KixkaXNhYn2MDk2MDc7MjsxNTQ3MDlzMjA3LjYwMjQ7ZWxsYS5saWRpY2hAa2FsdHVyYS5jb207KixkaXNhYn2MDk2MDc7MjsxNTQ3MDlzMjA3LjYwMjQ7ZWxsYS5saWRpY2hAa2FsdHVyYS5jb207KixkaXNhYn2MDk2MDc7MjsxNTQ3MDlzMjA3LjYwMjQ7ZWxsYS5saWRpY2hAa2FsdHVyYS5jb207KixkaXNhYn2MDk2MDc7MjsxNTQ3MDlzMjA3LjYwMjQ7ZWxsYS5saWRpY2hAa2FsdHVyYS5jb207KixkaXNhYn2MDk2MDc7MjsxNTQ3MDlzMjA3LjYwMjQ7ZWxsYS5saWRpY2hAa2FsdHVyYS5jb207KixkaXNhYn2MDk2MDc7MjsxNTQ3MDlzMjA3LjYwMjQ7ZWxsYS5saWRpY2hAa2FsdHVyYS5jb207KixkaXNhYn2MDk2MDc7MjsxNTQ3MDlzMjA3LjYwMjQ7ZWxsYS5saWRpY2hAa2FsdHVyYS5jb207KixkaXNhYn2MDk2MDc7MjxNTQ3MDlzMjA3LjYwMjQ7ZWxsYS5saWRpY2hAa2FsdHVyYS5jb207KixkaXNhYn2MDk2MDc7MjxNTQ3MDlzMjA3LjYwMjQ7ZWxsYS5saWRpY2hAa2FsdHVyYS5jb207KixkaXNhYn2MDk2MDc7MjxNTQ3MDlzMjA3LjYwMjQ7ZWxsYS5saWRpY2hAa2FsdHVyYS5jb207KixkaXNhYn2MDk2MDc7MjxNTQ3MDlzMjxNTQ3MDlxMjxNTQ3MDlxMjxNTQ3MDlxMjxNTQ3MDlxMjxNTQ3MDlxMjxNTQ3MDlxMjxNTQ3MDlxMjxNTQ3MDlxMjxNTQ3MDlxMjxNTQ3MDlxMjxNTQ3MDlxMjxNTQ3MDlxMjxNTQ3MDlxMjxNTQ3MDlxMjxNTQ3MDlxMjxNTQ3MDlxMjxNTQ3MDlxMjxNTQ3MDlxMjxNTQ3MDlx$
- -d "entryId=0 tpavjp5t" \
- -d "contextDataParams[ks]=OWRhZTUyNT13ZGQ4YJMzYWM3ZWJjY2RhYTAwODNmNzY2ZJY1ZWM1N3wxMTk7MTE5OzE1NDcxMDk2MDc7MjsxNTQ3MDlzMjA3LJYwMjQ7ZWxsYS5saWRpY2hAa2FsdHV

-d "contextDataParams[objectType]=KalturaPlaybackContextOptions'

Note the contextDataParams[streamerType]=applehttp indicates to use HLS

Note the KS field is set with the access key.

The most important fields for you will be:

- Sources: Contains the HLS .m3u8 Manifests URL's required to generate the HLS manifest.
- flavorAssets: Contains the entry's flavorAssets that can be streamed via HLS protocol.

In case the account setup does not support HLS playback (i.e call #1 returns without any valid sources) issue the same request



with contextDataParams[streamerType]=http . This will return in the sources section a URL for fetching the MP4 file directly.

In case the REACH profile is configured with specific **flavorParamsIds** use the **flavorAssets** section to identify which flavor asset you need to use. Each flavor asset will have an attribute called **flavorParamsId** which should be used for the match.

In any other case use the asset info such as width, height, bitrate information to select which flavor is the one you want to fetch.

**STEP 2.** From the **sources** section of the first call take the **url** field value (should be a link to the playManifest API) and fetch its content.

Don't forget to concatenate the tasks accessKey (From the response to entryVendorTask.get - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation) to avoid any access restrictions to the entry and make sure the "/flavorlds/" in the URL contain only the flavor ID you wish to fetch. It should look like this:

https://cdnapisec.kaltura.com/p/\$KALTURA\_PARTNER\_ID/sp/\$KALTURA\_PARTNER\_ID00/playManifest/entryId/\$KALTURA\_ENTRY\_ID/flavorIds/\$KALTURA\_HL\$KALTURA\_HLS\_FLAVOR\_ID = FlavorId selected in step 2 \$KALTURA\_SESSION = accessKey from the entryVendorTask object.

OR in case of direct file download over HTTP:

 $https://cdnapisec.kaltura.com/p/\$KALTURA\_PARTNER\_ID/sp/\$KALTURA\_PARTNER\_ID00/playManifest/entryld/\$KALTURA\_ENTRY\_ID/flavorlds/\$SELECTED\_F$ 

**STEP 3.** In case HLS is supported the response of the contextDataParams[streamerType]=applehttp playManifest request should be a valid m3u8 manifest which contains a "serveFlavor" URL.

This "serveFlavor" URL points to the Kaltura packager or in case of remote storage should point to the customer's packager.

From the manifest parse the segment URL and use FFmpeg to fetch the segments and repackage the file into a file you can work with. This is an example command for concatenating the segments into an mp4 file:

ffmpeg -i "https://cdnapisec.kaitura.com/his/p/\$PARTNER\_ID/sp/\$PARTNER\_ID00/serveFlavor/entryId/\$ENTRY\_ID/v/XXX/ev/XXX/flavorId/\$FLAVOR\_ASSET\_ID/name/a.mp4/index.m3u8" -c copy -bsf:a i

To select which stream you want to fetch (Video, Audio || Both) follow the following documentation page https://github.com/kaltura/nginx-vod-module#url-path-parameters.

In case direct file download over HTTP is used to hit the playManifest URL directly to fetch the content, there is no need for extra manipulations.

For examples of calls and responses for getPlaybackContext, please refer to the Appendix: Downloading assets from Kaltura - Example of a response to getPlaybackContext | Kaltura Knowledge Center

## Uploading vendor REACH Job results to Kaltura

### Services input & output

The following table summarizes the assets that REACH vendors download from Kaltura for processing and the assets they upload to Kaltura to fulfil REACH job orders from customers:

|  | Input (to Download<br>from Kaltura) | Output (to Upload<br>to Kaltura) | Processing and Output Notes |
|--|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|--|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|



|         | Input (to Download<br>from Kaltura) | Output (to Upload<br>to Kaltura)                                   | Processing and Output Notes  |
|---------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Caption | Video/Audio                         | Caption file: SRT/DFXP  Related files (ie. transcripts): TXT, DFXP | In the REACH job request, you should receive a catalogitemid in the job details. If serviceFeature=1 (for Captions), you can then query the vendor catalog using vendorCatalogitem.get - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation to retrieve the sourceLanguage .  Captions asset are added as CaptionAsset (set captionAsset[accuracy] ) using captionAsset.add - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation  Caption files (SRT/DXFP) are uploaded to Kaltura using captionAsset.setContent - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation  The [entryVendorTask[outputObjectid]] set using entryVendorTask.updateJob - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation should be set with the value the caption ID created using captionAsset.add - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation  If metadata extraction is enabled on the profiles the vendor needs to generate Tags.  Transcript  Transcript asset should be added as TranscriptAsset using attachmentAsset.add - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation  Transcript files (TXT and DFXP) are uploaded to Kaltura using attachmentAsset.setContent - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation  The TXT and DFXP ID returned after creating a transcript using attachmentAsset.add - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation, should be added to the captions file using captionAsset.update - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation, this ensures the transcript is associated with the captions and the relevant related files. |



|                               | Input (to Download<br>from Kaltura) | Output (to Upload<br>to Kaltura)  | Processing and Output Notes   |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| Translation                   | Video/Audio                         | Caption file:<br>SRT/DFXP<br>Related files (ie.<br>transcripts): TXT,<br>DFXP | In the REACH job request, you should receive a catalogltemId in the job details. If serviceFeature=2 (for Translations), you can then query the vendor catalog using vendorCatalogltem.get - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation to retrieve both the sourceLanguage and the targetLanguage.  In the case of translations, Kaltura supports both translations from source captions file and translations from source audio:  1. For translations from source captions file ("requireSource": true or when that parameter is not present), the vendor needs to retrieve the captions file in the source language for generating the translation in the target language. This is done using captionAsset.getUrl - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation.  a. The vendor needs to add the caption asset ID of the source caption asset used to generate the translation file in entryVendorTask[outputObjectId] of the job using entryVendorTask.updateJob - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation  2. For translations from source audio ("requireSource": false), the vendor needs to retrieve the audio flavor. This is done using baseEntry.getPlaybackContext - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation |
| Dubbing                       | Video                               | Audio flavor  | The vendor should extract the original audio and provide that back as the native language track, then also add the relevant dubbed language track.  In the REACH job request, you should receive a catalogItemId in the job details. If serviceFeature=7 (for dubbing), you can then query the vendor catalog using vendorCatalogItem.get - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation to retrieve both the sourceLanguage and the targetLanguage.  When processing the task and returning the dubbed audio track, the vendor needs to add the original audio track as well. This ensures the Kaltura Player will see multiple language files to choose from and will function properly.  Both audio flavors should be added using flavorAsset.add - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation.  The dubbed audio flavor should not be set to default.   |
| Standard Audio<br>Description | Video                               | Audio Description<br>flavor<br>Audio flavor of the<br>original language       | In the REACH job request, you should receive a catalogltemid in the job details. If serviceFeature=4 (for audio description), you can then query the vendor catalog using vendorCatalogltem.get - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation to retrieve further information.  Audio Description flavor - includes merged video audio and audio description (the flavor param id is specify on the catalog item)  Audio flavor of the original language - clear audio, without the description (the flavor param id is specify on the catalog item)  |



|                               | Input (to Download<br>from Kaltura) | Output (to Upload<br>to Kaltura) | Processing and Output Notes  |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Extended Audio<br>Description | Video                               | VTT file                         | In the REACH job request, you should receive a catalogItemId in the job details. If serviceFeature=9 (for extended audio description), you can then query the vendor catalog using vendorCatalogItem.get - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation to retrieve further information.  When processing the task and returning the VTT captions, the vendor needs to add the VTT file as attachment with a "vtt" file extension using attachmentAsset.add - Kaltura VPaaS API |
|                               |                                     |                                  | Documentation and add an "AAD" tag. This ensures the Kaltura Player plugin will read the VTT file as an Extended Audio Descriptions source and leverage browser based voice synthesis.   |
| Chaptering                    | Video                               | Cue points - chapters            | In the REACH job request, you should receive a catalogItemId in the job details. If serviceFeature=5 (for chaptering), you can then query the vendor catalog using vendorCatalogItem.get - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation to retrieve further information.  |
|                               |                                     |                                  | Chaptering assets are added as <b>cuePoint</b> using <b>⊘</b> cuePoint.add - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation .   |
|                               |                                     |                                  | In the REACH job request, you should receive a catalogItemId in the job details. If serviceFeature=8 (for Live caption), you can then query the vendor catalog using vendorCatalogItem.get - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation to retrieve further information.  |
|                               |                                     |                                  | For live, you should have a 'scheduleEventId' that comes in the entryVendorTask details, along with the scheduled start and end times for the live event. After provisioning your services for the live session, you should call scheduleEvent.updateLiveFeature() to provide the following data back to Kaltura:  |
|                               |                                     |                                  | mediaUrl and mediaKey - an RTMP(S) stream ingest url and key where Kaltura should relay the live stream to you.  |
| Live caption                  | Scheduled Event                     | Caption URL and<br>Caption token | captionUrl and captionToken - a websocket address and<br>token where Kaltura should connect at the scheduled<br>event time to receive caption data from you over a<br>realtime websocket.  |
|                               |                                     |                                  | The logic is the following:  |
|                               |                                     |                                  | 1. User creates a captioning job on REACH  |
|                               |                                     |                                  | 2. The vendor scans their REACH jobs periodically  |
|                               |                                     |                                  | 3. When the vendor finds a new live captions job, they should find a relevant live entry ID on the task object   |
|                               |                                     |                                  | The vendor calls an API and update the scheduled live event with the RTMP and websocket details  |
|                               |                                     |                                  | 5. When the live stream from customer starts, Kaltura restreams it to the RTMP endpoint provided   |
|                               |                                     |                                  | 6. When the scheduled time is due Kaltura connects to the websocket  |



REACH job details that need to be taken into consideration when processing jobs:

- Service type
- Service Feature
- Turn Around Time
- Expected Finish Time
- Notes

REACH profiles parameters that need to be taken into consideration when processing jobs:

- Default Output Format (refer to the Appendix "Kaltura Enums Related to REACH API")
- Enable Metadata Extraction
- Enable Audio Tags
- Enable Profanity Removal
- Content Deletion Policy (refer to the Appendix "Kaltura Enums Related to REACH API")
- Task Processing Region (refer to the Appendix "Kaltura Enums Related to REACH API")
- Max Characters Per Caption Line
- Flavor Params Ids
- Dictionary

REACH profiles parameters that **do not need** to be taken into consideration when processing jobs:

- Enable Machine Moderation
- Enable Human Moderation
- Label Addition for Machine Service Type
- Label Addition for Human Service Type

Flavor Asset Language - By default media which is uploaded has the flavorAsset.language set to undefined because there is no way to know upon upload of the content, what is the language of the media: there is currently no analysis of the media to determine what language it is, therefore the flavorAsset.language will be set to "undefined". The flavorAsset.language is usually set by REACH vendors when delivering dubbing orders: when adding a new flavorAsset, vendors also set the flavorAsset.language for the dubbed soundtrack. We recommend to process undefined sources, especially in Production. When you process the jobs, you need to consider the sourceLanguage as that is explicitly defined by the user who submits the REACH order.

### Captions

- To execute API calls against Kaltura you need to first generate a valid KS.
- Processing
  - For each captioning task, the vendor should change the entryVendorTask[status] to "Processing" using entryVendorTask.updateJob - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation before starting handling the task
  - With a REACH job request (entryVendorTask.get Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation) that specifies the
     responseProfile[systemName]=reach\_vendor in the query, you will receive the catalog details and REACH profile information as
     well.
    - If serviceFeature=1 (for Captions),
      - You can check the sourceLanguage.
      - You should check that the sourceLanguage actually matches the soundtrack of the video file submitted for processing, if there is a mismatch the caption job should end in error
      - And of course check for the outputFormat value. If there is none then you can use SRT as default.
    - If serviceType=2 (for Machine),
      - You can choose to download an audio flavor for the purpose of the Machine based translation.
      - You should check the dictionary value for words or phrases (delimited by a carriage return) to increase the quality of the deliverable.
      - And you can check for the Speaker Identification, if enableSpeakerId=1 , vendor needs to add speaker IDs (ie. "[Speaker



1]") to the caption lines.

- And you can check for the Speaker Change Indication, if enableSpeakerChangeIndication=1, vendor needs to add the ">>" characters whenever a new speaker voice pattern is detected.
- If serviceType=1 (for Human),
  - You can choose to download a video flavor (for example the source flavor or a compressed flavor) for the Human translator
  - You should ensure the Human translator receives any "notes" sent by the user via the notes field in the job details.
  - You should check the dictionary value for words or phrases (delimited by a carriage return) to increase the quality of the deliverable.
  - You should ensure the Human translator receives the expectedFinishTime and turnAroundTime information from the job details.
  - And you can check for the Speaker Identification, if enableSpeakerId=1, vendor needs to add speaker IDs (ie. "[Speaker 1]" or "[Interviewer]") to the caption lines.
  - And you can check for the Speaker Change Indication, if enableSpeakerChangeIndication=1, vendor needs to add the ">>" characters whenever a new speaker voice pattern is detected.
- If metadata extraction is enabled on the profiles enableMetadataExtraction=true, the vendor needs to generate Tags.
  - The vendor needs to analyze the generated captions/transcript to extract metadata.
- Asset creation and upload
  - The caption asset is added as CaptionAsset (set captionAsset[accuracy]) using captionAsset.add Kaltura VPaaS API
     Documentation (retrieve the caption asset ID returned in the response).
    - Setting for the CaptionAsset:
      - captionAsset[format] should be set to the requested format.
      - captionAsset[fileExt] should be set to the relevant format.
      - captionAsset[accuracy] should be set to the relevant accuracy.
      - captionAsset[language] should be set to the caption language. The list of all languages which can be used is
        documented on KalturaCatalogItemLanguage Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation, you should use the values not the
        key name.
      - captionAsset[isDefault] should be set to 1 as it is the source language.
      - captionAsset[displayOnPlayer] should be set to true
      - captionAsset[label] should be set with a value representing the language, for example you can take the same value as for captionAsset[language]
  - The caption file (SRT/DXFP) is uploaded to Kaltura using captionAsset.setContent Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation, the API
    call offers various file transfer methods, we recommend to use one of the following methods:
    - use [contentResource[objectType]=KalturaAssetResource] to point to an asset you would upload using an appToken
      authentication and uploading the produced file to Kaltura using the chunked upload method and an uploadToken.
    - use contentResource[objectType]=KalturaUrlResource and provide a link to the vendor's deliverable with contentResource[url]=http://www.vendor.com/deliverable\_to\_upload to instruct Kaltura to download the vendor's deliverable. You can set contentResource[forceAsyncDownload]=false to execute the download immediately. Make sure you use contentResource[urlHeaders][0][value] and contentResource[urlHeaders][0][objectType]=KalturaString to pass authentication tokens to securely transfer data.
  - [OPTIONAL] The transcript asset should be added as TranscriptAsset using attachmentAsset.add Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation (retrieve the transcript asset ID returned in the response).
    - Setting for the TranscriptAsset:
      - captionAsset[format] should be set to the requested format.
      - captionAsset[fileExt] should be set to the relevant format.



- captionAsset[accuracy] should be set to the relevant accuracy.
- captionAsset[language] should be set to the translated language. The list of all languages which can be used is
  documented on KalturaCatalogItemLanguage Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation, you should use the values not the
  key name.
- captionAsset[isDefault] should be set to 0 as it is a translation.
- [OPTIONAL] The transcript file (TXT and DFXP) is uploaded to Kaltura using attachmentAsset.setContent Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation, the API call offers various file transfer methods, we recommend to use one of the following methods:
  - use contentResource[objectType]=KalturaAssetResource to point to an asset you would upload using an appToken authentication and uploading the produced file to Kaltura using the chunked upload method and an uploadToken.
  - use contentResource[objectType]=KalturaUrlResource and provide a link to the vendor's deliverable with contentResource[url]=http://www.vendor.com/deliverable\_to\_upload to instruct Kaltura to download the vendor's deliverable. You can set contentResource[forceAsyncDownload]=false to execute the download immediately. Make sure you use contentResource[urlHeaders][0][value] and contentResource[urlHeaders][0][objectType]=KalturaString to pass authentication tokens to securely transfer data.
- [OPTIONAL] After the transcript asset and file are created and uploaded, the vendor needs to update the
   associatedTranscriptids using captionAsset.update Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation, with the TXT and DFXP ID returned
   after creating a transcript using attachmentAsset.add Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation, this ensures the transcript is
   associated with the captions and the relevant related files.
  - In the case of translations, the vendor needs to add the caption asset ID of the source caption asset used to generate the translation file in entryVendorTask[outputObjectId] of the job using entryVendorTask.updateJob Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation
- If metadata extraction is enabled on the profiles enableMetadataExtraction=true, the vendor needs to create Tags on the entry:
  - The vendor needs to update the entry with a new tag using media.update Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation or baseEntry.update Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation
  - If there are already existing tag entries, you first need to retrieve the existing tag entries using media.get Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation or baseEntry.get Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation, then append the new tags to the existing tags and then update the tag entries using media.update Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation or baseEntry.update Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation
  - Supposing you do metadata extraction for Translations, you can then add or update tags using the
     mediaEntry[multiLingual\_tags] or baseEntry[multiLingual\_tags] parameters depending on the call your are using. For
     example if using media entries you can set French tags with the following parameters:

"mediaEntry[multiLingual\_tags][0][language]=FR" "mediaEntry[multiLingual\_tags][0][value]=francais" "mediaEntry[multiLingual\_tags][0]
[objectType]=KalturaMultiLingualString"

- Post processing
  - After the vendor processing is done for the task, the vendor needs to update the [entryVendorTask[outputObjectId]] using entryVendorTask.updateJob Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation with the ID of the asset that contains the output of the task, which in this case is the value of the caption ID created using captionAsset.add Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation (the ID is returned in the response)
  - After a successful task, the vendor should change the entryVendorTask[status] to "Ready" using entryVendorTask.updateJob -Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation

▲ In case of any unsuccessful task, the vendor should change the entryVendorTask[status] to "Error" using entryVendorTask.updateJob - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation. When setting this status the errDescription field should always be filled with a short description about the failure cause.

For examples of calls and responses for Captions and Translations, please refer to the Appendix: Adding captions | Kaltura Knowledge Center

### Translations



- To execute API calls against Kaltura you need to first generate a valid KS.
- Processing
  - For each translation task, the vendor should change the entryVendorTask[status] to "Processing" using entryVendorTask.updateJob - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation before starting handling the task
  - With a REACH job request (entryVendorTask.get Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation) that specifies the
     responseProfile[systemName]=reach\_vendor in the query, you will receive the catalog details and REACH profile information as
     well
    - If serviceFeature=2 (for Translations),
      - If requireSource=true or when that parameter is not present, the vendor needs to retrieve the captions file in the source language for generating the translation in the target language. This is done using captionAsset.getUrl Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation.
        - You should check whether there is a caption file in the sourceLanguage specified. Most importantly, you need to download the caption file of the source language to then generate the translation in the target language. To retrieve the captions file in the source language you need to use captionAsset.getUrl Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation and pass the captionAssetId returned in the task
        - You should check the caption accuracy of the source and not translate it if the the captions are not at 100% percent accuracy (representing Human caption) and send back an error message.
      - If requireSource=false, the vendor needs to retrieve the audio flavor. This is done using baseEntry.getPlaybackContext - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation.
        - If serviceType=2 (for Machine),
          - You can choose to download an audio flavor for the purpose of the Machine based translation.
        - If serviceType=1 (for Human),
          - You can choose to download a video flavor (for example the source flavor or a compressed flavor) for the Human translator
      - Regardless of the value of requireSource :
        - You can check both the sourceLanguage and the targetLanguage.
        - And of course check for the outputFormat value. If there is none then you can use SRT as default
    - If serviceType=2 (for Machine),
      - You should check the dictionary value for words or phrases (delimited by a carriage return) to increase the quality of the deliverable.
      - And you can check for the Speaker Identification, if enableSpeakerId=1, vendor needs to add speaker IDs (ie. "[Speaker 1]") to the caption lines.
      - And you can check for the Speaker Change Indication, if | >enableSpeakerChangeIndication=1 | , vendor needs to add the ">>" characters whenever a new speaker voice pattern is detected
    - If serviceType=1 (for Human),
      - You should ensure the Human translator receives any "notes" sent by the user via the notes field in the job details.
      - You should check the dictionary value for words or phrases (delimited by a carriage return) to increase the quality of the deliverable.
      - And you can check for the Speaker Identification, if enableSpeakerId=1, vendor needs to add speaker IDs (ie. "[Speaker 1]" or "[Interviewer]") to the caption lines.
      - And you can check for the Speaker Change Indication, if enableSpeakerChangeIndication=1, vendor needs to add the ">>" characters whenever a new speaker voice pattern is detected.
      - You should ensure the Human translator receives the expectedFinishTime and turnAroundTime information from the job details.
    - If metadata extraction is enabled on the profiles enableMetadataExtraction=true , the vendor needs to generate Tags.



- The vendor needs to analyze the generated captions/transcript to extract metadata.
- · Asset creation and upload
  - The caption asset is added as CaptionAsset (set captionAsset[accuracy]) using captionAsset.add Kaltura VPaaS API
     Documentation (retrieve the caption asset ID returned in the response).
    - Setting for the CaptionAsset:
      - captionAsset[format] should be set to the requested format.
      - captionAsset[fileExt] should be set to the relevant format.
      - captionAsset[accuracy] should be set to the relevant accuracy.
      - captionAsset[language] should be set to the caption language. The list of all languages which can be used is
        documented on KalturaCatalogItemLanguage Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation, you should use the values not the
        key name.
      - captionAsset[isDefault] should be set to 0 as it is not the source language.
      - captionAsset[displayOnPlayer] should be set to true
      - captionAsset[label] should be set with a value representing the language, for example you can take the same value as for captionAsset[language]
  - The caption file (SRT/DXFP) is uploaded to Kaltura using captionAsset.setContent Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation, the API call offers various file transfer methods, we recommend to use one of the following methods:
    - use [contentResource[objectType]=KalturaAssetResource] to point to an asset you would upload using an appToken authentication and uploading the produced file to Kaltura using the chunked upload method and an uploadToken.
    - use contentResource[objectType]=KalturaUrlResource and provide a link to the vendor's deliverable with contentResource[url]=http://www.vendor.com/deliverable\_to\_upload to instruct Kaltura to download the vendor's deliverable. You can set contentResource[forceAsyncDownload]=false to execute the download immediately. Make sure you use contentResource[urlHeaders][0][value] and contentResource[urlHeaders][0][objectType]=KalturaString to pass authentication tokens to securely transfer data.
  - [OPTIONAL] The transcript asset should be added as TranscriptAsset using attachmentAsset.add Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation (retrieve the transcript asset ID returned in the response).
    - Setting for the TranscriptAsset:
      - captionAsset[format] should be set to the requested format.
      - captionAsset[fileExt] should be set to the relevant format.
      - captionAsset[accuracy] should be set to the relevant accuracy.
      - captionAsset[language] should be set to the translated language. The list of all languages which can be used is
        documented on KalturaCatalogItemLanguage Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation, you should use the values not the
        key name.
      - captionAsset[isDefault] should be set to 0 as it is a translation.
  - [OPTIONAL] The transcript file (TXT and DFXP) is uploaded to Kaltura using attachmentAsset.setContent Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation, the API call offers various file transfer methods, we recommend to use one of the following methods:
    - use [contentResource[objectType]=KalturaAssetResource] to point to an asset you would upload using an appToken
      authentication and uploading the produced file to Kaltura using the chunked upload method and an uploadToken.
    - use contentResource[objectType]=KalturaUrlResource and provide a link to the vendor's deliverable with contentResource[url]=http://www.vendor.com/deliverable\_to\_upload to instruct Kaltura to download the vendor's deliverable. You can set contentResource[forceAsyncDownload]=false to execute the download immediately. Make sure you use contentResource[urlHeaders][0][value] and contentResource[urlHeaders][0][objectType]=KalturaString to pass authentication tokens to securely transfer data.
  - [OPTIONAL] After the transcript asset and file are created and uploaded, the vendor needs to update the
     associatedTranscriptIds using captionAsset.update Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation, with the TXT and DFXP ID returned
     after creating a transcript using attachmentAsset.add Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation, this ensures the transcript is
     associated with the captions and the relevant related files.



- In the case of translations, the vendor needs to add the caption asset ID of the source caption asset used to generate the
  translation file in entryVendorTask[outputObjectId] of the job using entryVendorTask.updateJob Kaltura VPaaS API
  Documentation
- If metadata extraction is enabled on the profiles enableMetadataExtraction=true, the vendor needs to create Tags on the entry:
  - The vendor needs to update the entry with a new tag using media.update Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation or baseEntry.update Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation
  - If there are already existing tag entries, you first need to retrieve the existing tag entries using media.get Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation or baseEntry.get Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation, then append the new tags to the existing tags and then update the tag entries using media.update Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation or baseEntry.update Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation
  - Supposing you do metadata extraction for Translations, you can then add or update tags using the
     mediaEntry[multiLingual\_tags] or baseEntry[multiLingual\_tags] parameters depending on the call your are using. For
     example if using media entries you can set French tags with the following parameters:

"mediaEntry[multiLingual\_tags][0][language]=FR" "mediaEntry[multiLingual\_tags][0][value]=francais" "mediaEntry[multiLingual\_tags][0]
[objectType]=KalturaMultiLingualString"

- · Post processing
  - After the vendor processing is done for the task, the vendor needs to update the entryVendorTask[outputObjectId] using entryVendorTask.updateJob Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation with the ID of the asset that contains the output of the task, which in this case is the value of the caption ID created using captionAsset.add Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation (the ID is returned in the response)
  - After a successful task, the vendor should change the entryVendorTask[status] to "Ready" using entryVendorTask.updateJob Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation

▲ In case of any unsuccessful task, the vendor should change the entryVendorTask[status] to "Error" using entryVendorTask.updateJob - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation. When setting this status the errDescription field should always be filled with a short description about the failure cause.

For examples of calls and responses for Translations, please refer to the Appendix: Adding translations | Kaltura Knowledge Center

# Audio tracks for dubbing and standard audio descriptions

- To execute API calls against Kaltura you need to first generate a valid KS.
- Processina
  - For each captioning task, the vendor should change the entryVendorTask[status] to "Processing" using entryVendorTask.update]ob - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation before starting handling the task
  - With a REACH job request (entryVendorTask.get Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation) that specifies the
     responseProfile[systemName]=reach\_vendor in the query, you will receive the catalog details and REACH profile information as
     well
    - If serviceFeature=7 (for dubbing),
      - You can then check both the sourceLanguage and the targetLanguage.
      - You probably should choose to download a video flavor (for example the source flavor or a compressed flavor) for the Human translator to ensure good timing of the produced dubbing audio track, but the vendor could optionally choose to download an audio flavor.
      - Make sure you retrieve the values of both flavorParamsId and clearAudioFlavorParamsId in the REACH vendor catalog item object, those indicate the audio flavors to use for both audio tracks the Vendor will produce and upload to Kaltura (flavorParamsId will be to be used for the dubbed track and clearAudioFlavorParamsId will be to be used for the source track).
    - If serviceFeature=4 (for audio description), you can then check the sourceLanguage.



- You must choose to download a video flavor (for example the source flavor or a compressed flavor) for the Human translator.
- You should ensure the Human translator receives the information from the job details in order to ensure he uses the natural pauses of the video to add audio descriptions.
- Because serviceType=1 (for Human),
  - You should ensure the Human translator receives the expectedFinishTime and turnAroundTime information from the
    job details.
- · Asset creation and upload
  - When processing the task and returning the dubbed audio track or the audio description track, the vendor needs to add the
    original audio track as well. This ensures the Kaltura Player will see multiple language files to choose from and will function
    properly.
  - Both in case of dubbing and standard audio description, both audio flavor assets should be added using flavorAsset.add Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation (retrieve the flavor asset ID returned in the response).
    - Setting for the dubbed audio flavor or the audio description track:
      - flavorAsset[isDefault] should be set to 0 as it is not the source language
      - flavorAsset[language] should be set to the dubbed language or the audio description language. The list of all
        languages which can be used is documented on KalturaCatalogItemLanguage Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation, you
        should use the values not the key name.
      - flavorAsset[isOriginal] should be set to 0 as it is not the source language
      - flavorAsset[fileExt] should be set to the relevant format
      - For dubbed audio flavor (only):
        - The flavorParamsId should be set to the value of the flavorParamsId parameter retrieved in the REACH vendor catalog item object of the job (entryVendorTask.get - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation)
    - Setting for the original audio flavor:
      - flavorAsset[isDefault] should be set to 1 as it is the source language
      - [flavorAsset[language]] should be set to the source language. The list of all languages which can be used is documented
        on KalturaCatalogItemLanguage Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation, you should use the values not the key name.
      - [flavorAsset[isOriginal]] should be set to [1] as it is the source language
      - The flavorParamsId should be set to the value of the clearAudioFlavorParamsId parameter retrieved in the REACH vendor catalog item object of the job (entryVendorTask.get Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation)
      - flavorAsset[fileExt] should be set to the relevant format
  - Both audio flavor files should be uploaded using flavorAsset.setContent Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation, the API call
    offers various file transfer methods, we recommend to use one of the following methods:
    - use [contentResource[objectType]=KalturaAssetResource] to point to an asset you would upload using an appToken
      authentication and uploading the produced file to Kaltura using the chunked upload method and an uploadToken.
    - use contentResource[objectType]=KalturaUrlResource and provide a link to the vendor's deliverable with contentResource[url]=http://www.vendor.com/deliverable\_to\_upload to instruct Kaltura to download the vendor's deliverable. You can set contentResource[forceAsyncDownload]=false to execute the download immediately. Make sure you use contentResource[urlHeaders][0][value] and contentResource[urlHeaders][0][objectType]=KalturaString to pass authentication tokens to securely transfer data.
- Post processing
  - After the vendor processing is done for the task, the vendor needs to update the entryVendorTask[outputObjectId] using entryVendorTask.updateJob Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation with the ID of the asset that contains the output of the task, which in this case is the value of the audio flavor ID created using flavorAsset.add Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation (the ID is returned in the response)
  - After a successful task, the vendor should change the entryVendorTask[status] to "Ready" using entryVendorTask.updateJob -Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation



In case of any unsuccessful task, the vendor should change the entryVendorTask[status] to "Error" using entryVendorTask.updateJob - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation. When setting this status the errDescription field should always be filled with a short description about the failure cause.

For examples of calls and responses for Audio tracks, please refer to the Appendix: Adding audio flavors for dubbing and standard audio descriptions | Kaltura Knowledge Center

#### Extended audio descriptions

- To execute API calls against Kaltura you need to first generate a valid KS.
- Processing
  - For each extended audio description task, the vendor should change the entryVendorTask[status] to "Processing" using entryVendorTask.updateJob Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation before starting handling the task
  - With a REACH job request (entryVendorTask.get Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation) that specifies the
     responseProfile[systemName]=reach\_vendor in the query, you will receive the catalog details and REACH profile information as
     well.
    - With serviceFeature=9 (for extended audio description), you can then check the sourceLanguage and the outputFormat .
      - You should ensure the Human translator receives the information from the job details in order to ensure he uses adds time codes for his audio descriptions and delivers a VTT captions file.
    - Because serviceType=1 (for Human),
      - You should ensure the Human translator receives the expectedFinishTime and turnAroundTime information from the job details.
- Asset creation and upload
  - $\circ~$  When processing the task and returning the VTT captions, the vendor needs to:
    - add the VTT file as an attachmentAsset the attachment using attachmentAsset.add Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation and add the following information:
      - "attachmentAsset[tags]=AAD" to ensure the Player will read this file using speech synthesis
      - "attachmentAsset[fileExt]=vtt"
      - "attachmentAsset[title]" to set a Human readable name which will be displayed in the Player, for example "Extended Audio Description"
    - upload the VTT file using attachmentAsset.setContent Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation, the API call offers various file transfer methods, we recommend to use one of the following methods:
      - use contentResource[objectType]=KalturaAssetResource to point to an asset you would upload using an appToken
        authentication and uploading the produced file to Kaltura using the chunked upload method and an uploadToken.
      - use | contentResource[objectType]=KalturaUrlResource | and provide a link to the vendor's deliverable with | contentResource[url]=http://www.vendor.com/deliverable\_to\_upload | to instruct Kaltura to download the vendor's deliverable. You can set | contentResource[forceAsyncDownload]=false | to execute the download immediately. Make sure you use | contentResource[urlHeaders][0][value] | and | contentResource[urlHeaders][0][objectType]=KalturaString | to pass authentication tokens to securely transfer data.
  - Post processing
    - After the vendor processing is done for the task, the vendor needs to update the entryVendorTask[outputObjectId] using entryVendorTask.updateJob Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation with the ID of the asset that contains the output of the task, which in this case is the value of the audio flavor ID created using attachmentAsset.add Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation (the ID is returned in the response)
    - After a successful task, the vendor should change the entryVendorTask[status] to "Ready" using entryVendorTask.updateJob Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation



In case of any unsuccessful task, the vendor should change the <code>[entryVendorTask[status]]</code> to "Error" using <code>entryVendorTask.updateJob</code> - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation. When setting this status the errDescription field should always be filled with a short description about the failure cause.

For examples of calls and responses for Extended Audio Descriptions, please refer to the Appendix: Adding extended audio descriptions | Kaltura Knowledge Center

#### Chaptering

- To execute API calls against Kaltura you need to first generate a valid KS.
- Processing
  - For each chaptering task, the vendor should change the entryVendorTask[status] to "Processing" using entryVendorTask.updateJob - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation before starting handling the task
  - With a REACH job request (entryVendorTask.get Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation) that specifies the
     responseProfile[systemName]=reach\_vendor in the query, you will receive the catalog details and REACH profile information as
     well
    - With serviceFeature=5 (for chaptering), you can then check the sourceLanguage.
    - If serviceType=1 (for Human),
      - You should ensure the Human translator receives the expectedFinishTime and turnAroundTime information from the job details.
- · Asset creation and upload
  - When processing the task and returning the cuepoints, the vendor needs to create cuepoints. There are two options:
    - 1. Create cuepoints one by one using cuePoint.add Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation , in such case the vendor can build a reusable error handling logic to be used for each call
    - 2. Bulk create cuepoints using cuePoint.addFromBulk Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation , in such case the vendor needs to process the error of the bulk operation and proceed depending on the error details
- Post processing
  - After the vendor processing is done for the task, the vendor needs to update the entryVendorTask[outputObjectId] using entryVendorTask.updateJob Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation with the ID of the asset that contains the output of the task, which in this case is the value of the audio flavor ID created using attachmentAsset.add Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation (the ID is returned in the response)
  - After a successful task, the vendor should change the entryVendorTask[status] to "Ready" using entryVendorTask.updateJob -Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation

# Live captions

- To execute API calls against Kaltura you need to first generate a valid KS.
- Processing
  - For each chaptering task, the vendor should change the entryVendorTask[status] to "Processing" using entryVendorTask.updateJob - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation before starting handling the task
  - With a REACH job request (entryVendorTask.get Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation) that specifies the
     responseProfile[systemName]=reach\_vendor in the query, you will receive the catalog details and REACH profile information as
     well
    - With serviceFeature=8 (for Live caption), you can then check the sourceLanguage.
    - If serviceType=1 (for Human),
      - You should ensure the Human translator receives the scheduled startDate and endDate information from the job details.



- · Asset generation
  - Call scheduleEvent.updateLiveFeature Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation to update the Kaltura event with the following fields so that we can send you the stream data, and retrieve the needed caption data:
    - scheduleEventId: this is the scheduleEventId that you should have received in the entryVendorTask request
    - featureName: for live captions, the featureName string should follow the format LiveCaptionFeature-reach-<taskID>
      where is the id of the entryVendorTask you are fulfilling
    - liveFeature : use the "KalturaLiveCaptionFeature" object with the following fields:
      - captionToken: this should be a security token used when accessing the websocket that you will be outputting the
        caption data stream to
      - captionUrl: this is the url (Vendor hosted) of the websocket that you will be outputting the caption data stream to
      - mediaKey: this is the stream key/name for the RTMP(S) stream where we will send you a relay of the media stream
      - mediaUrl: this is the RTMP(S) stream URL (Vendor hosted) where we will send you a relay of the media stream
  - Update the entryVendorTask status to SCHEDULED using entryVendorTask.updateJob Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation.

Optional - The vendor may also put their task id in the externalTaskId field

The entryVendorTask remains in the scheduled status until the start of the event. The client can still abort the task in this state and the task status will change to ABORTED (the client will only receive a refund if they do so before the minimalRefundTime that is configured on the catalog item).

- At the time of the live session:
  - Once the event starts and the vendor starts receiving content and sending captions they need to update the entryVendorTask status to PROCESSING using entryVendorTask.updateJob - Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation.
  - Kaltura will relay the media stream to your provided mediaUrl/mediaKey for you to process the stream and output the caption feed back on the captionUrl/captionToken websocket that you provide.
  - Kaltura connects to the vendor's websocket by the URL given to us by the vendor over the liveFeature. Authentication of the websocket can happen in 2 layers (up to the vendor):
    - First we authenticate by pre-given token set in the general Kaltura secret with the vendor (regardless of this specific event). The auth URL for this step is also given by the vendor.
    - The second layer is per-stream authentication. The vendor can set the per-session token on the liveFeature and define the way to use that (will be implemented in the specific vendor adaptor) or can add the auth data over the caption websocket URL provided by the vendor.
  - Kaltura will handle ingesting the caption data and transforming to WebVTT format to inject into the player along with the
    HLS stream that viewers will consume.
     See Websocket response schema for an example of a JSON caption data payload to be returned by the websocket.
- Post processing
  - After the vendor processing is done for the task, the vendor needs to update the entryVendorTask[outputObjectId] using entryVendorTask.updateJob Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation with the ID of the asset that contains the output of the task, which in this case is the value of the audio flavor ID created using attachmentAsset.add Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation (the ID is returned in the response)
  - After a successful task, the vendor should change the entryVendorTask[status] to "Ready" using entryVendorTask.updateJob -Kaltura VPaaS API Documentation

Currently if the customer starts streaming before the REACH vendor adds the details for the task, they will not receive captions for their stream at all.

For examples of calls and responses for Live captions, please refer to the Appendix: Adding Live captions | Kaltura Knowledge Center

### Job Prioritization



|     | The vendor should have a queueing mechanism that gives equal priority to all jobs, regardless of the customer that initiated the request. |  |  |
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